CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5293

Chapter 113, Laws of 2015

64th Legislature 2015 Regular Session

OPTOMETRISTS--HYDROCODONE PRODUCTS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/24/2015

Passed by the Senate March 2, 2015 Yeas 47 Nays 0

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 13, 2015 Yeas 97 Nays 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives Approved April 25, 2015 10:53 AM

CERTIFICATE

I, Hunter G. Goodman, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5293** as passed by Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

HUNTER G. GOODMAN

Secretary

FILED

April 25, 2015

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5293

Passed Legislature - 2015 Regular Session

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2015 Regular Session

By Senate Health Care (originally sponsored by Senators Becker, Keiser, Rivers, Conway, Dammeier, Hobbs, Angel, Frockt, Bailey, Ericksen, Mullet, and Benton)

READ FIRST TIME 01/30/15.

1 AN ACT Relating to preserving the use of hydrocodone products by 2 licensed optometrists in Washington state; and amending RCW 3 18.53.010.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 18.53.010 and 2013 c 19 s 2 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 (1) The practice of optometry is defined as the examination of 8 the human eye, the examination and ascertaining any defects of the 9 human vision system and the analysis of the process of vision. The 10 practice of optometry may include, but not necessarily be limited to, 11 the following:

The employment of any objective or subjective means 12 (a) or 13 method, including the use of drugs, for diagnostic and therapeutic 14 purposes by those licensed under this chapter and who meet the requirements of subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and the use 15 16 of any diagnostic instruments or devices for the examination or 17 analysis of the human vision system, the measurement of the powers or range of human vision, or the determination of the refractive powers 18 19 of the human eye or its functions in general; and

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(b) The prescription and fitting of lenses, prisms, therapeutic
 or refractive contact lenses and the adaption or adjustment of frames
 and lenses used in connection therewith; and

4 (c) The prescription and provision of visual therapy, therapeutic 5 aids, and other optical devices; and

6 (d) The ascertainment of the perceptive, neural, muscular, or 7 pathological condition of the visual system; and

8

(e) The adaptation of prosthetic eyes.

(2)(a) Those persons using topical drugs for diagnostic purposes 9 in the practice of optometry shall have a minimum of sixty hours of 10 11 didactic and clinical instruction in general and ocular pharmacology to optometry, as established by the board, and 12 as applied certification from an institution of higher learning, accredited by 13 those agencies recognized by the United States office of education or 14 the council on postsecondary accreditation to qualify for 15 16 certification by the optometry board of Washington to use drugs for 17 diagnostic purposes.

(b) Those persons using or prescribing topical drugs for 18 therapeutic purposes in the practice of optometry must be certified 19 under (a) of this subsection, and must have an additional minimum of 20 21 seventy-five hours of didactic and clinical instruction as established by the board, and certification from an institution of 22 higher learning, accredited by those agencies recognized by the 23 United States office of education or the council on postsecondary 24 25 accreditation to qualify for certification by the optometry board of 26 Washington to use drugs for therapeutic purposes.

(c) Those persons using or prescribing drugs administered orally 27 for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes in the practice of optometry 28 shall be certified under (b) of this subsection, and shall have an 29 additional minimum of sixteen hours of didactic and eight hours of 30 31 supervised clinical instruction as established by the board, and certification from an institution of higher learning, accredited by 32 those agencies recognized by the United States office of education or 33 postsecondary accreditation to qualify for 34 the council on certification by the optometry board of Washington to administer, 35 36 dispense, or prescribe oral drugs for diagnostic or therapeutic 37 purposes.

38 (d) Those persons administering epinephrine by injection for 39 treatment of anaphylactic shock in the practice of optometry must be 40 certified under (b) of this subsection and must have an additional 1 minimum of four hours of didactic and supervised clinical 2 instruction, as established by the board, and certification from an 3 institution of higher learning, accredited by those agencies 4 recognized by the United States office of education or the council on 5 postsecondary accreditation to qualify for certification by the 6 optometry board to administer epinephrine by injection.

7 (e) Such course or courses shall be the fiscal responsibility of8 the participating and attending optometrist.

9 (f)(i) All persons receiving their initial license under this 10 chapter on or after January 1, 2007, must be certified under (a), 11 (b), (c), and (d) of this subsection.

(ii) All persons licensed under this chapter on or after January1, 2009, must be certified under (a) and (b) of this subsection.

(iii) All persons licensed under this chapter on or after January 15 1, 2011, must be certified under (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this 16 subsection.

17 (3) The board shall establish a list of topical drugs for 18 diagnostic and treatment purposes limited to the practice of 19 optometry, and no person licensed pursuant to this chapter shall 20 prescribe, dispense, purchase, possess, or administer drugs except as 21 authorized and to the extent permitted by the board.

(4) The board must establish a list of oral Schedule III through 22 V controlled substances and any oral legend drugs, with the approval 23 and after consultation with the pharmacy quality assurance 24 of 25 commission. The board may include Schedule II hydrocodone combination products consistent with subsection (6) of this section. No person 26 licensed under this chapter may use, prescribe, dispense, purchase, 27 possess, or administer these drugs except as authorized and to the 28 29 extent permitted by the board. No optometrist may use, prescribe, dispense, or administer oral corticosteroids. 30

(a) The board, with the approval of and in consultation with the pharmacy quality assurance commission, must establish, by rule, specific guidelines for the prescription and administration of drugs by optometrists, so that licensed optometrists and persons filling their prescriptions have a clear understanding of which drugs and which dosages or forms are included in the authority granted by this section.

38 (b) An optometrist may not:

39 (i) Prescribe, dispense, or administer a controlled substance for40 more than seven days in treating a particular patient for a single

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1 trauma, episode, or condition or for pain associated with or related 2 to the trauma, episode, or condition; or

3 (ii) Prescribe an oral drug within ninety days following
4 ophthalmic surgery unless the optometrist consults with the treating
5 ophthalmologist.

6 (c) If treatment exceeding the limitation in (b)(i) of this
7 subsection is indicated, the patient must be referred to a physician
8 licensed under chapter 18.71 RCW.

9 (d) The prescription or administration of drugs as authorized in 10 this section is specifically limited to those drugs appropriate to 11 treatment of diseases or conditions of the human eye and the adnexa 12 that are within the scope of practice of optometry. The prescription 13 or administration of drugs for any other purpose is not authorized by 14 this section.

15 (5) The board shall develop a means of identification and 16 verification of optometrists certified to use therapeutic drugs for 17 the purpose of issuing prescriptions as authorized by this section.

18 (6) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to authorize the 19 use, prescription, dispensing, purchase, possession, or 20 administration of any Schedule I or II controlled substance, except 21 <u>Schedule II hydrocodone combination products</u>. The provisions of this 22 subsection must be strictly construed.

(7) With the exception of the administration of epinephrine by injection for the treatment of anaphylactic shock, no injections or infusions may be administered by an optometrist.

26 (8) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to authorize optometrists to perform ophthalmic surgery. Ophthalmic surgery is 27 28 defined as any invasive procedure in which human tissue is cut, ablated, or otherwise penetrated by incision, injection, laser, 29 ultrasound, or other means, in order to: Treat human eye diseases; 30 31 alter or correct refractive error; or alter or enhance cosmetic 32 appearance. Nothing in this chapter limits an optometrist's ability 33 diagnostic instruments utilizing laser or ultrasound to use technology. Ophthalmic surgery, as defined in this subsection, does 34 not include removal of superficial ocular foreign bodies, epilation 35 of misaligned eyelashes, placement of punctal or lacrimal plugs, 36 diagnostic dilation and irrigation of the lacrimal system, 37 orthokeratology, prescription and fitting of contact lenses with the 38 39 purpose of altering refractive error, or other similar procedures 40 within the scope of practice of optometry.

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